Reconstruction of the free-falling body trajectory in an optical interferometric absolute gravimeter (Retraction Notice)

Bin Pang, Jiapeng Mou, Jianhua Yang, Tengchao Huang, Chengge Wang, and Xiaowu Shu Zhejiang Univ. (China)

<u>Proceedings Volume 10839, 9th International Symposium on Advanced Optical Manufacturing and Testing</u> <u>Technologies: Optical Test, Measurement Technology, and Equipment</u>; 108391P (2019) <u>https://doi.org/10.1117/12.2506838</u>

Event: Ninth International Symposium on Advanced Optical Manufacturing and Testing Technologies (AOMATT2018), 2018, Chengdu, China

Online Publication Date: 19 January 2019 Retracted from Publication: 24 April 2019

Publisher's Note: This paper, originally published on 18 January 2019, was retracted from the SPIE Digital Library on 24 April 2019 upon verification that an incomplete draft of the paper was submitted and published in which text and figures were omitted, and figures were adapted or copied from the following publications without attribution:

Figure 1: Christian Rothleitner, "Ultra-high Precision, Absolute, Earth Gravity Measurements," Dissertation, Universitat Erlangen-Nuremberg, Fig. 2.3, page 28 (June 2008).

Figure 4: S Svitlov, P Masłyk, Ch Rothleitner, H Hu, and L J Wang, "Comparison of three digital fringe signal processing methods in a ballistic free-fall absolute gravimeter," Metrologia, Volume 47, Number 6 (2010); https://doi.org/10.1088/0026-1394/47/6/007

Figures 7 and 8: S Svitlov, Ch Rothleitner, and L J Wang, "Accuracy assessment of the two-sample zerocrossing detection in a sinusoidal signal," Metrologia, Volume 49, Number 4 (2012); <u>https://doi.org/10.1088/0026-1394/49/4/413</u>

The authors regret their oversight.